

# Clinical Findings of Eosinophilic Keratoconjunctivitis in Horses

Zoltan Bakos<sup>1\*</sup>, Rike Lorenz<sup>1</sup>, József Tóth<sup>2#</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Veterinary Medicine Budapest, Hungary

<sup>2</sup>Tierärztliches Kompetenzzentrum Karthaus GmbH, Germany

#### Introduction

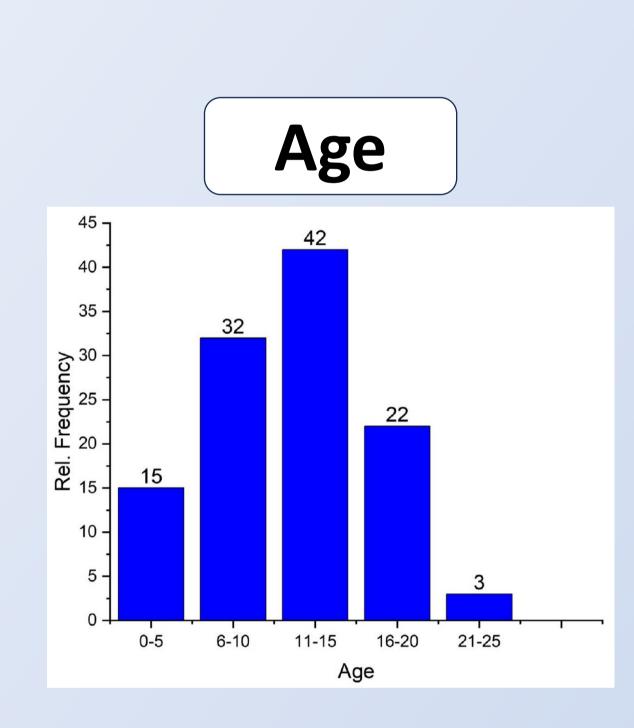
Eosinophilic keratoconjunctivitis (EKC) is an immune-mediated disease of the cornea and conjunctiva of the equine eye. The aim of the study was to analyse the clinical records of horses diagnosed with EKC between 2012 and 2020 at a private equine hospital in Germany.

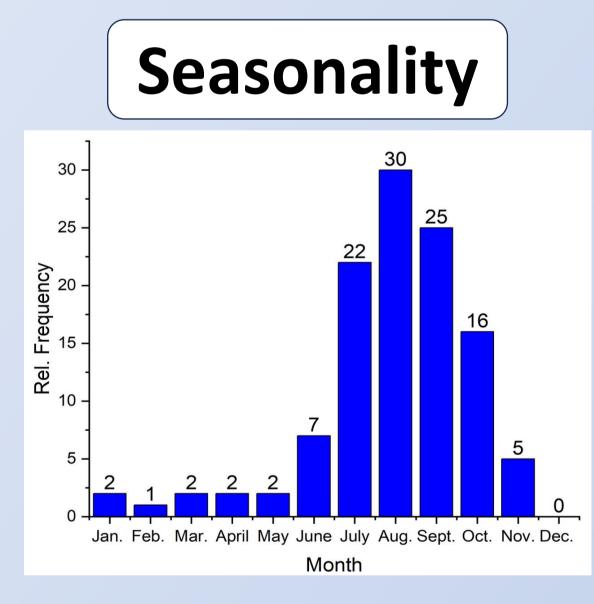
#### **Materials and Methods**

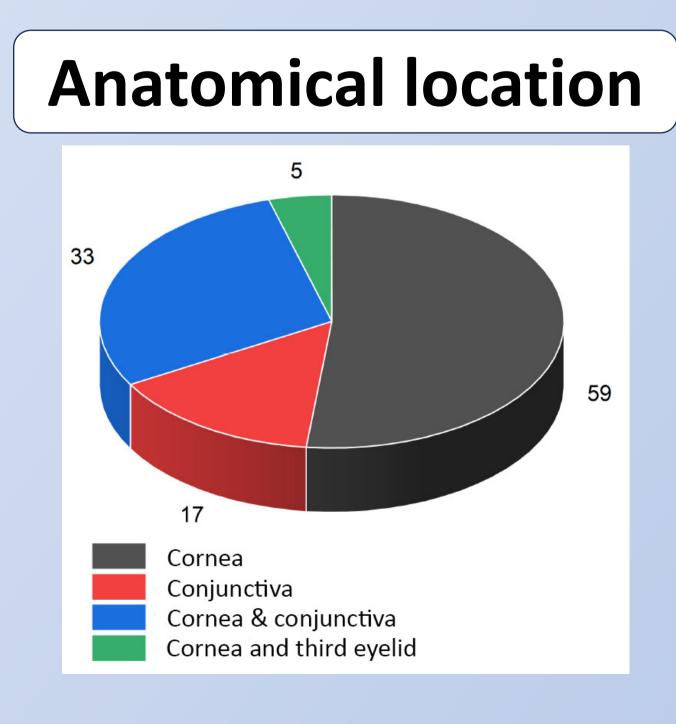
N=114. Retrospective data analysis included age, breed, gender, year and month of admission, affected part of the eye, clinical signs, laboratory results, presence of secondary infections, treatment, recovery time, and recurrences.

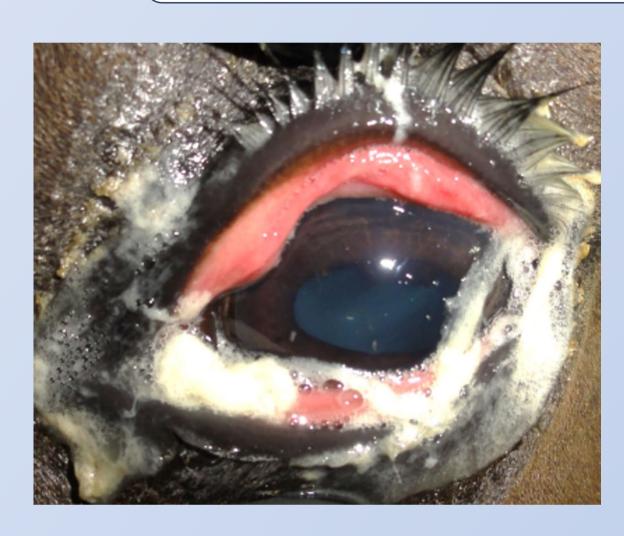
#### Results

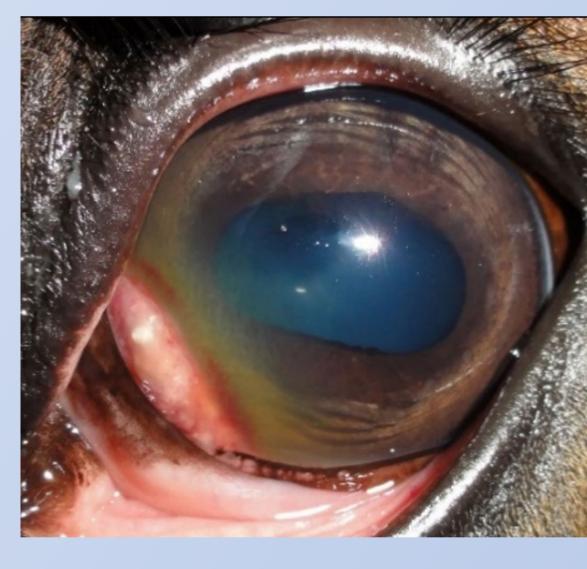
## Clinical Forms/Classification

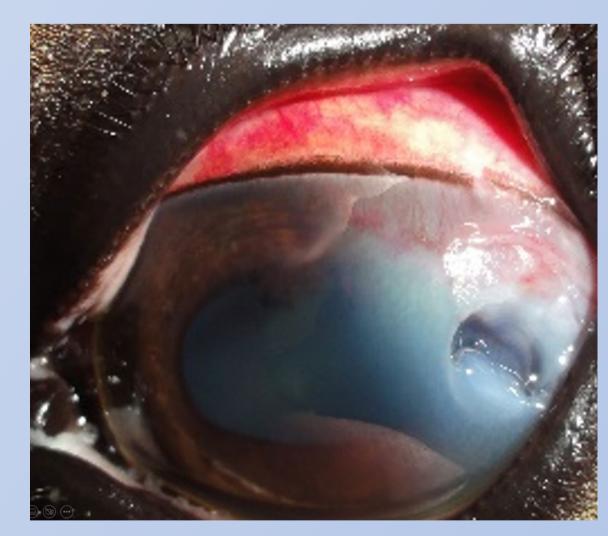








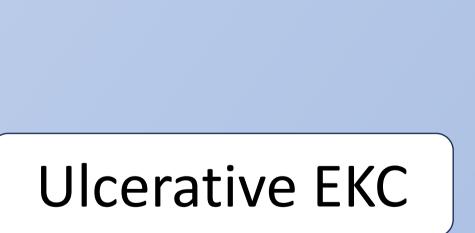






Eosinophilic conjunctivitis

Granulomatous EKC



Pseudomembranous EKC









### Conclusions

EKC is an emerging ocular disease with variable clinical manifestations. Successful treatment often requires individualisation, and a multimodal approach.